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PAPER

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FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. APPLICATION NO. 17737-003US1 / 3703US 10/506,728 06/27/2005 Thomas Julius Borody 20985 11/30/2007 **EXAMINER** FISH & RICHARDSON, PC HOLT, ANDRIAE M P.O. BOX 1022 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55440-1022 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 1616 **DELIVERY MODE** MAIL DATE

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary 10/506,728 BORODY ET AL.	
Office Action Summary Examiner Andriae M. Holt The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address	
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David des David.	
Period for Reply	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	
Status	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 June 2005.	
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims	
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are pending in the application.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.	
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	
8) Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.	
Application Papers	
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	`
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:	
 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 	
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage	
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.	
Attachment(s)	
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:	

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Claims 1-36 are pending in the application.

Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions, which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group I, claim(s) 1-9 drawn to composition for use in a purgative

Group II, claim(s) 10-11, drawn to a method of inducing purgation of the colon

Group III, claim(s) 12-13,18 and 36, drawn to method of treatment or prevention

of one or more of lavage associated with one of the symptoms listed

Group IV, claim(s) 14-15, drawn to a method for the treatment or prevention of

acute gastrointestinal infections

Group V, claim(s) 16-17, drawn to a method for the treatment or prevention of

constipation

Group VI, claim(s) 19-21, drawn to a composition for use in a purgative

Group VII, claim(s) 22-23, drawn to a method of inducing purgation of the colon

Group VIII, claim(s) 24-25 and 30-35, drawn to a method for the treatment or

prevention of one or more in the absence of diathermy of one or more of the

following lavage associated hyponatremia

Group IX, claim(s) 26-27, drawn to a method for the treatment or prevention of acute gastrointestinal infections

Group X, claim(s) 28-29, drawn to a method for the treatment or prevention of constipation

The inventions listed as Groups I – IV do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: the special technical feature in all groups is a composition comprising (i) at least one water soluble sodium salt;(ii) at least one water soluble minimally degradable sugar; (iii) at least one water soluble potassium salt, and (iv) at least one water soluble magnesium salt. Kang et al. teach a process for producing a heteropolysaccharide by bacterial fermentation procedure in which of species of bacteria or mutant is incubated in a fermentation medium which contains a carbon source, preferably a hydrolyxed starch, a source of magnesium ions, a source of phosphorous, a source of a nitrogen and water (Abstract). Kang et al. teach suitable sources of magnesium ions include water soluble magnesium salts (col. 8, lines 21-27). Kang et al. teach that at least a trace quantity of phosphorous generally in the form of a soluble potassium salt is present in the fermentation medium (col. 9, lines 3-5). Kang et al. teach that if the pH drops sodium hydroxide may be added to maintain the pH at at least about 6.5 (col. 8, lines 67-68-col. 9, lines 1-2). These elements cannot be a special technical feature under PCT Rule 13.2 because the elements are shown in the prior art.

This application contains claims directed to more than one species of the generic invention. These species are deemed to lack unity of invention because they are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

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The species are as follows:

- a) minimally degradable sugar of claims 2 and 20;
- b) member selected from one of the groups of claims 12 and 24;
- c) method selected from a method of claim 30, 32, 35 or 36;

Applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single species to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. The reply must also identify the claims readable on the elected species, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered non-responsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

The claims are deemed to correspond to the species listed above in the following manner:

- a) elect a single minimally degradable sugar of claims 2 or 20.
- b) elect a single member of the group of claims 12 or 24
- c) elect a single method of claims 30, 32, 35 or 36.

. _ . _

The following claim(s) are generic: 2, 12, and 30.

The species listed above do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, the species lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: the special technical feature in all groups is a composition comprising (i) at least one water soluble sodium salt;(ii) at least one water soluble minimally degradable sugar; (iii) at least one water soluble potassium salt, and (iv) at least one water soluble magnesium salt. Kang et al. teach a process for producing a heteropolysaccharide by bacterial fermentation procedure in which of species of bacteria or mutant is incubated in a fermentation medium which contains a carbon source, preferably a hydrolyxed starch, a source of magnesium ions, a source of phosphorous, a source of a nitrogen and water (Abstract). Kang et al. teach suitable sources of magnesium ions include water soluble magnesium salts (col. 8, lines 21-27). Kang et al. teach that at least a trace quantity of phosphorous generally in the form of a soluble potassium salt is present in the fermentation medium (col. 9, lines 3-5). Kang et al. teach that if the pH drops sodium hydroxide may be added to maintain the pH at at least about 6.5 (col. 8, lines 67-68-col. 9, lines 1-2). These elements cannot be a special technical feature under PCT Rule 13.2 because the elements are shown in the prior art.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.

Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder.

All claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103 (a) of the other invention.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a Application/Control Number: 10/506,728

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USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Andriae M. Holt whose telephone number is 571-272-9328. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 am-5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Johann Richter can be reached on 571-272-0646. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Andriae M. Holt

Patent Examiner

SHELLEY A. DODSON